

FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus

NI-FBUS Monitor User Manual

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While this hardware is compliant with the applicable regulatory EMC requirements, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. To minimize the potential for the hardware to cause interference to radio and television reception or to experience unacceptable performance degradation, install and use this hardware in strict accordance with the instructions in the hardware documentation and the DoC¹.

If this hardware does cause interference with licensed radio communications services or other nearby electronics, which can be determined by turning the hardware off and on, you are encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient the antenna of the receiver (the device suffering interference).
- Relocate the transmitter (the device generating interference) with respect to the receiver.
- Plug the transmitter into a different outlet so that the transmitter and the receiver are on different branch circuits.

Some hardware may require the use of a metal, shielded enclosure (windowless version) to meet the EMC requirements for special EMC environments such as, for marine use or in heavy industrial areas. Refer to the hardware's user documentation and the DoC¹ for product installation requirements.

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¹ The Declaration of Conformity (DoC) contains important EMC compliance information and instructions for the user or installer. To obtain the DoC for this product, visit ni.com/certification, search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

Contents

About This Manual

Conventions	ix
Related Documentation	ix

Chapter 1

Introduction

NI-FBUS Monitor Overview	1-1
Windows of the NI-FBUS Monitor	1-1
Recommended Minimum Platform	1-1

Chapter 2

Configuration

Configuring the Software	2-1
Configuration Steps	2-1
Interface Port Configuration	2-1

Chapter 3

Windows and Menus

List of Windows	3-1
About the NI-FBUS Monitor Interface	3-2
Main Window	3-4
Menus and the Standard Toolbar	3-5
Standard Toolbar	3-5
Main Menu Bar	3-7
File Menu	3-7
Capture Menu	3-8
View Menu	3-8
Packet Menu	3-8
Statistics Menu	3-8
Window Menu	3-9
Toolbars Menu	3-9
Help Menu	3-9
Filter Window	3-10
Packet View	3-11
Packet Display Formats	3-11
Packet View Toolbar	3-12
Statistics View	3-14
Statistics View Toolbar	3-15
Live List View	3-15
Schedule View	3-15

Contents

Filters	3-16
Filter Operation During Capture	3-16
Filter Operation After Capture	3-16
Basic Filter Logic	3-16
Filter Dialog Box	3-16
FDL Filter Tab	3-17
FMS Filter Tab	3-18
Filter by Address Tab	3-19
Settings Dialog Box	3-20
Capture Settings Tab	3-20
Display Settings Tab	3-21
Toolbar Settings Tab	3-22

Chapter 4

How To Use the NI-FBUS Monitor

Starting the NI-FBUS Monitor	4-1
Starting Capture	4-1
Stopping Capture	4-1
Saving Data	4-2
Finding Data	4-2
Viewing Data	4-2
Using The Simulator	4-3
Improving Performance	4-4
Conserve Memory	4-4
Turn Live Updates Off	4-4
Filter Only for Needed Data	4-4
No Split Windows	4-4

Appendix A

Technical Support and Professional Services

Glossary

Index

About This Manual

This manual describes the NI-FBUS Monitor and how to configure and use the monitor.

Use the NI-FBUS Monitor on Windows.

Conventions



This icon denotes a caution, which advises you of precautions to take to avoid injury, data loss, or a system crash.



When this symbol is marked on a product, it denotes a warning advising you to take precautions to avoid electrical shock.



When this symbol is marked on a product, it denotes a component that may be hot. Touching this component may result in bodily injury.

Related Documentation

The following documents contain information that you may find helpful as you read this manual:

- *Fieldbus Standard for Use in Industrial Control Systems, Part 2, ISA-S50.02.1992*
- *NI-FBUS Hardware and Software User Manual*
- *NI-FBUS Installation Guide*

Introduction

This chapter contains an overview of the NI-FBUS Monitor.

NI-FBUS Monitor Overview

The NI-FBUS Monitor is a Win32 application used to monitor, debug, and analyze fieldbus data packets. The NI-FBUS Monitor detects communication on the bus, capturing data packets that are passed between fieldbus devices. These packets are time-stamped and displayed in real time in active packet view of the NI-FBUS Monitor. The NI-FBUS Monitor can display data packets in decoded format or in hexadecimal format. The NI-FBUS Monitor can filter out unwanted data packets at three levels: the Fieldbus Data Link layer (FDL), the Fieldbus Messaging Specification layer (FMS), and by fieldbus addresses.

Windows of the NI-FBUS Monitor

The NI-FBUS Monitor has a Multiple Document Interface (MDI). An MDI window contains many smaller windows open concurrently that display data from different sources. These smaller windows are called *filter windows*. In the NI-FBUS Monitor, some filter windows might contain previously-captured data, while other filter windows might capture new data from different buses or the same bus.

Chapter 3, *Windows and Menus*, lists and describes the windows of the NI-FBUS Monitor.

Recommended Minimum Platform

The recommended minimum platform for the NI-FBUS Monitor is a 66 MHz 486 processor with 8 MB of RAM. If you want to run the NI-FBUS Monitor on a slower platform, refer to the *Improving Performance* section of Chapter 4, *How To Use the NI-FBUS Monitor*.

Configuration

This chapter contains instructions for configuring the NI-FBUS Monitor software and the fieldbus interface.



Note Install the NI-FBUS software and hardware before you configure the NI-FBUS Monitor software and the fieldbus interface. Refer to the *NI-FBUS Installation Guide* for more information about installing the software and hardware. This manual is available in PDF-format in the *NI-FBUS Software* media or in printed-format shipped with the media.

Configuring the Software

This sections contains steps for configuring the NI-FBUS software with Windows.

Configuration Steps

1. Launch the NI-FBUS Interface Configuration Utility.
2. To configure the software, refer to the *NI-FBUS Utilities Help*.

Interface Port Configuration

1. Start the NI-FBUS Interface Configuration Utility.
2. In the configuration window, select the port you want to configure and click the **Edit** button.
3. Select **Monitor** for the **Usage**.
4. Click the **OK** button.

Your software is configured.

Windows and Menus

This chapter describes each of the menus and windows in the NI-FBUS Monitor utility.

List of Windows

Main Window	Multiple Document Interface (MDI) window that contains all the other windows and toolbars.
Filter Window	Displays data packets and statistical information. Each filter window has its own packet filter.
Filter	Dialog box you can use to select which data packets to capture. The options are as follows: FDL Filter —Filters packets by the Fieldbus Data Link (FDL) layer. FMS Filter —Filters packets by the Fieldbus Messaging Specification (FMS) layer. Filter by Address —Filters packets by address.
Settings	Dialog box you can use to set the following NI-FBUS Monitor options: Capture Settings —Capture options. Display Settings —Color and font options. Toolbar Settings —Toolbar options.
Packet View Toolbar	Gives access to view options for the packet view.
Statistics View Toolbar	Gives access to view options for the statistics view.
Standard Toolbar	Gives access to commonly used functions in a toolbar format.

About the NI-FBUS Monitor Interface

The NI-FBUS Monitor consists of windows and data objects. The main window is the large desktop window that contains all other windows of the NI-FBUS Monitor. It has a menu bar and various toolbars. The smaller windows inside the main window are filter windows. Each filter window uses a *single filter* to determine what data the NI-FBUS Monitor captures. The main data object that stores these captured data packets on a disk and holds the data in memory is called the *capture document*. You can use the filter window to view the data in the capture document. You can attach several filter windows with the corresponding filters to the capture document.

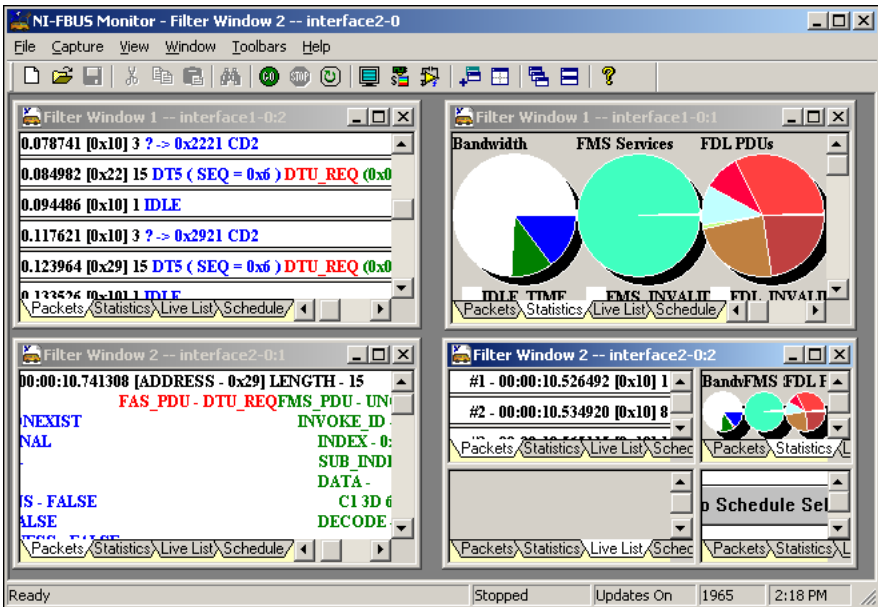
When you select **New** from the **File** menu, the NI-FBUS Monitor creates a new capture document and a corresponding filter window. The filter window displays data from the capture document. Each filter window has an exclusive filter attached to it that you can view as a dialog box. To display the filter, select **Filter Settings** from the **Capture** menu. You can use the filter to determine what data the NI-FBUS Monitor displays in the filter window and what data it saves to the capture document. To add a new filter window to the document, select **New Filter Window** from the **Capture** menu. Adding a new filter window attaches a new filter window and filter to the document. You can use the new filter to filter different data.

Figure 3-1 is a graphical example of the relationships between the windows and the document. The gray area represents the graphical area that appears on the desktop. The documents on the left are data objects invisible on the desktop.



Note Even if a window is split using the **Split Filter Window** function, the filter window still has only one filter attached to it.

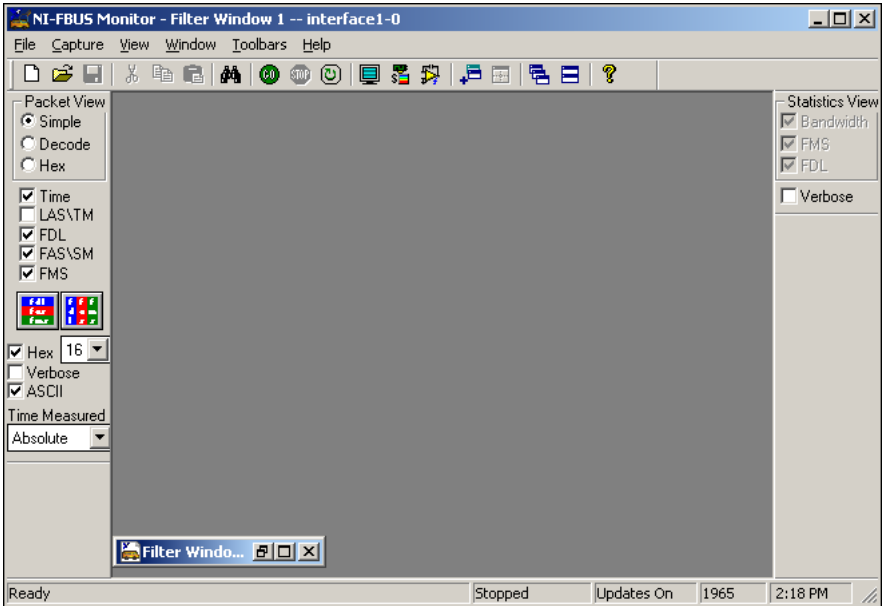
Figure 3-1. Relationship of Windows to Capture Documents



Main Window

The main window contains all the windows of the NI-FBUS Monitor. The frame of the main window contains a menu bar and a status bar. The frame can also have toolbars on it. Figure 3-2 shows the main window.

Figure 3-2. Main Window



When you start the NI-FBUS Monitor, it opens a new filter window and a new capture document. The capture document contains the actual data packets that are captured from the bus. The filter window is a graphical representation of the data stored in the capture document. The filter window is minimized in Figure 3-2. By default, the NI-FBUS Monitor opens the standard toolbar at the top and the **Packet View** toolbar on the left of the main window's frame.

Menus and the Standard Toolbar

To see help for the NI-FBUS Monitor controls, browse through the menus or pause the cursor over the standard toolbar, shown in Figure 3-3. To see a short description of a menu or toolbar function, pause your cursor over the item. The NI-FBUS Monitor displays the description in the status bar, which is located at the very bottom of the main window. Pause your cursor over an item in the toolbar to see a short description of the item in a yellow rectangle near the cursor.

Standard Toolbar

Figure 3-3 shows the standard NI-FBUS Monitor toolbar.

Figure 3-3. Standard Monitor Toolbar



Following are descriptions of the standard toolbar buttons:

New Capture creates a new capture document.



Open Capture opens an existing capture document.



Save Capture saves the current capture document.



Cut removes a selected capture document.



Copy duplicates a capture document to Clipboard for pasting.



Paste pastes a capture document to a different location.



Find Data finds data in the current window.



Start Capture starts a capture on the selected board.



Stop Capture stops the capture on the selected board.



Reset Capture deletes all captured packets



Live Updates Off turns off automatic screen updates during a capture. Updating the screen constantly can be a problem if you have a slow computer.



Capture Settings sets your capture, display, and toolbar settings.



Filter Settings shows the filter settings for the current filter window.



Add Filter Window creates a new filter window and filter for the current capture document.



Split Filter Window splits the filter window into a multi-paned filter window.



Cascade Window arranges the open documents in a diagonal order.



Tile Window arranges two filter windows in vertical order.



Help opens the NI-FBUS online help utility.



Main Menu Bar

The main menu bar is at the top of the main window and lists all of the operations that you can perform in the NI-FBUS Monitor. When you select an item in the menu, a short help message describing the option appears in the Status Bar at the bottom of the main window.

File Menu

The **File** menu allows you to open, save, print, and create new documents.

Following are descriptions of the **File** menu selections:

New	Creates a new capture document.
Open	Opens an existing capture document in *.mon format. A text editor is included in the NI-FBUS Monitor for opening *.txt files.
Close	Closes the current capture document.
Save	Saves the current capture document. Two save formats are allowed: *.mon, which saves captured and filtered data to a binary file, and *.txt, which saves captured and filtered data as a text file.
Save As	Saves the current capture document with a new name.
Print	Prints the current capture document.
Print Setup	Sets up the printer and printer options.
Recent File	List the most recently saved files.
Exit	Exits the NI-FBUS Monitor.

Capture Menu

The **Capture** menu allows you to control the capture. To view this menu, click the **Capture** option at the top of the main window, or right-click in the filter window. The standard toolbar has a button for most of the items in the **Capture** menu.

Following are descriptions of the **Capture** menu selections:

Settings	Sets your capture, display and toolbar settings.
Filter Settings	Shows the filter settings for the current filter window.
Start Capture	Starts a capture on the selected board.
Stop Capture	Stops capture on the selected board.
Reset Capture	Deletes all captured packets.
Find Data	Finds data in the current window.
Hexadecimal Data	Displays hexadecimal data.
Verbose Data	Displays detailed data.
High Priority Updates	Enhances live updates.
Live Updates	Turns off real-time updates. This is a useful feature if your computer is slow.
Smooth Live Updates	Shows flicker-free updates, but is slower.
Scrolling Live Updates	Scrolls data during capture, but is slower.

View Menu

You can use the **View** menu instead of the toolbars to configure the active filter window views.

Packet Menu

The **Packet** menu has the same options as the packet view toolbar. Refer to the [Packet View Toolbar](#) section for a description of each option.

Statistics Menu

The **Statistics** menu has the same options as the statistics view toolbar. Refer to the [Statistics View Toolbar](#) section for a description of each option. The **Live List View** shows the devices on the fieldbus that are active and functioning (*alive*).

Window Menu

You can use the **Window** menu to control the layout of windows contained in the main window.

Following are descriptions of the **Window** menu selections:

Add Filter Window	Creates a new filter window and filter for the current document.
Split Filter Window	Splits the filter window into a multi-paned filter window.
Cascade	Cascades the open windows.
Tile	Tiles the open windows.
Arrange Icons	Arranges the icons.
Window List	Lists the open windows.

Toolbars Menu

You can use the **Toolbars** menu to show or hide the toolbars of the NI-FBUS Monitor.

Following are descriptions of the **Toolbars** menu selections:

Standard Toolbar	Shows the standard toolbar.
Packet Toolbar	Shows the Packet View toolbar.
Statistics Toolbar	Shows the Statistics View toolbar.
Status Bar	Shows the status bar.

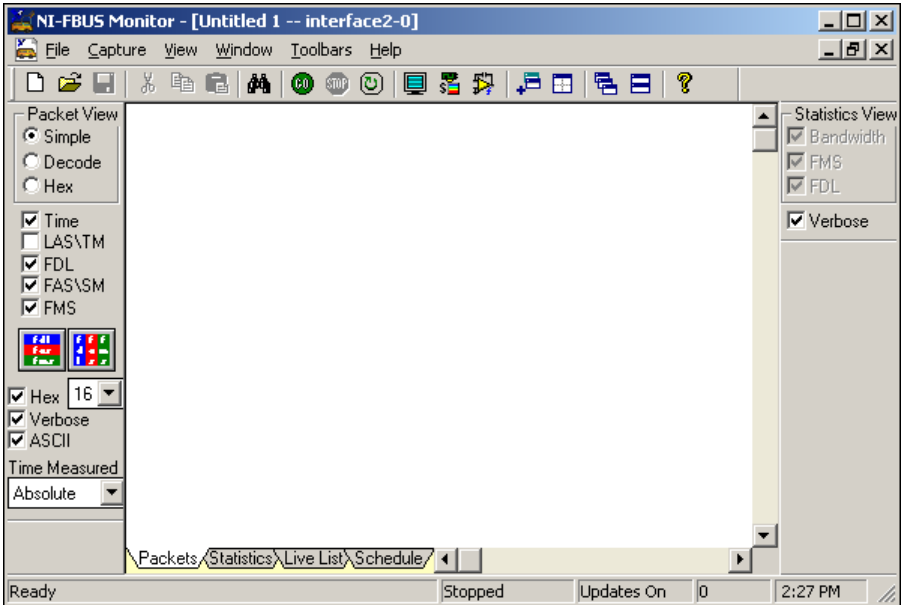
Help Menu

You can use the **Help** menu to display information about the NI-FBUS Monitor.

Filter Window

The filter window displays the data in a capture document, and can display this data in different formats. The filter window has three tabs located in the bottom left of the window that you can use to switch between statistics view and packet view. Both the statistics view and the packet view have toolbars that allow you to choose what each view shows. Figure 3-4 shows an example of a filter window.

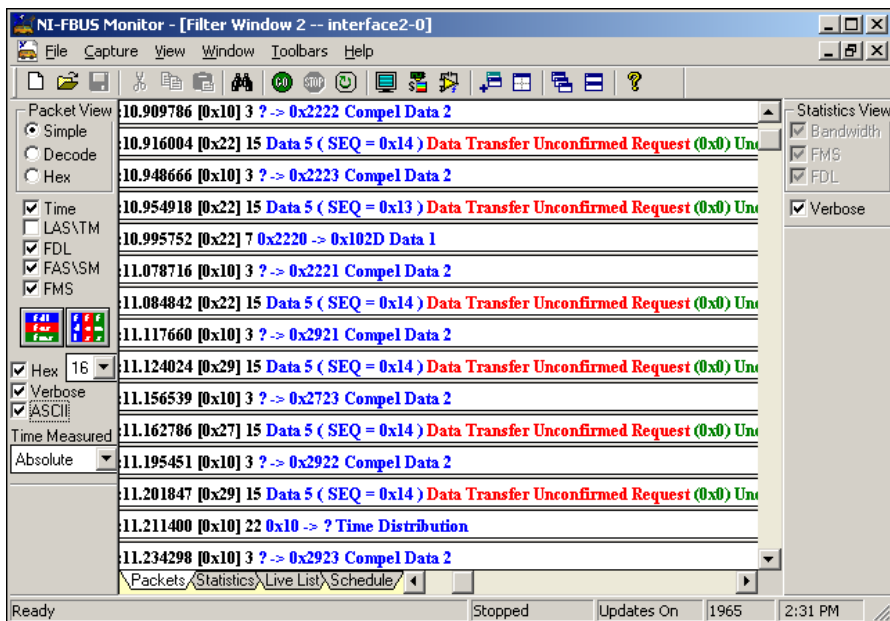
Figure 3-4. Filter Window



Packet View

You can use the packet view to display and manipulate data packets. This view is the main medium of interaction between you and the capture document. To select the packet view, click the **Packets** tab at the bottom left of the filter window, or select **Packet View** from the **View** menu. Figure 3-5 shows the filter window in packet view.

Figure 3-5. Filter Window and Captured Data in Packet View



Packet Display Formats

Packet data can be in one of three formats: simple, decode, or hex. All formats have the same header, which follows:

```
(* / #) PACKET_NUMBER - TIME (HH:MM:SS.US) LENGTH - SIZE
```

An asterisk (*) next to a packet indicates that a packet prior to that packet is missing. The asterisk indicates that, after several attempts, the monitor on the fieldbus interface could not pass the packet to the host application (the NI-FBUS Monitor). This problem might happen on slow PCs. If you see an asterisk, refer to the *Improving Performance* section of Chapter 4, *How To Use the NI-FBUS Monitor*.

A pound sign (#) next to a packet number means that the NI-FBUS Monitor received the packet that arrived right before the indicated packet.

The format of the time measurement is as follows:

```
Hours:Minutes:Seconds.Microseconds
```

The **Simple** format is a condensed version of the **Decode** format, and shows only the type of Protocol Data Units (PDUs) of the FDL, FMS, and FAS (Fieldbus Access Sublayer) layers in the packet. The **Decode** format fully decodes the data packet and formats the data according to the PDU sections of the packet. The **Hex** format performs a hexadecimal dump of the data in the PDU sections of the packet.

Packet View Toolbar

The **Packet View** toolbar is on the left of the main window in the Figure 3-5. The **Packet View** toolbar controls how the filter window displays data. To move the **Packet View** toolbar, click it and drag it. Pause the cursor over a toolbar control to see the tool tips. Figure 3-6 shows the **Packet View** toolbar.

Figure 3-6. Packet View Toolbar



Following are descriptions of the buttons, checkboxes, and drop-down lists on the **Packet View** toolbar:

Radio Buttons

- Simple** Displays a short view of the data in a packet.
- Decode** Fully decodes the data in a packet.
- Hex** Displays a hexadecimal dump of the data in a packet.

Checkboxes

Time	Displays the time stamp of a packet.
LAS\TM	Displays the LAS and Time Master information of a packet.
FDL	Displays the FDL portion of a packet.
FAS\SM	Displays the FAS portion of a packet.
FMS	Displays the FMS portion of a packet.
Hex	Displays decoded numeric data in hexadecimal format. The drop-down list to the right is the width in bytes that the data occupies on the screen.
Verbose	Displays more information about the packet.

Graphic Buttons

Horizontal Packets displays FDL, FAS, and FMS horizontally on the screen.



Vertical Packets displays FDL, FAS, and FMS vertically, from top to bottom, on the screen.



Drop-Down List

Time Measured Allows you to select the time calculation to perform on the packet. The options are as follows:

Absolute—Shows the absolute time relative to the start of the NI-FBUS Monitor utility.

Idle—Shows the idle time between packets.

From Start—Shows the time from the start of one packet to the start of the next packet.

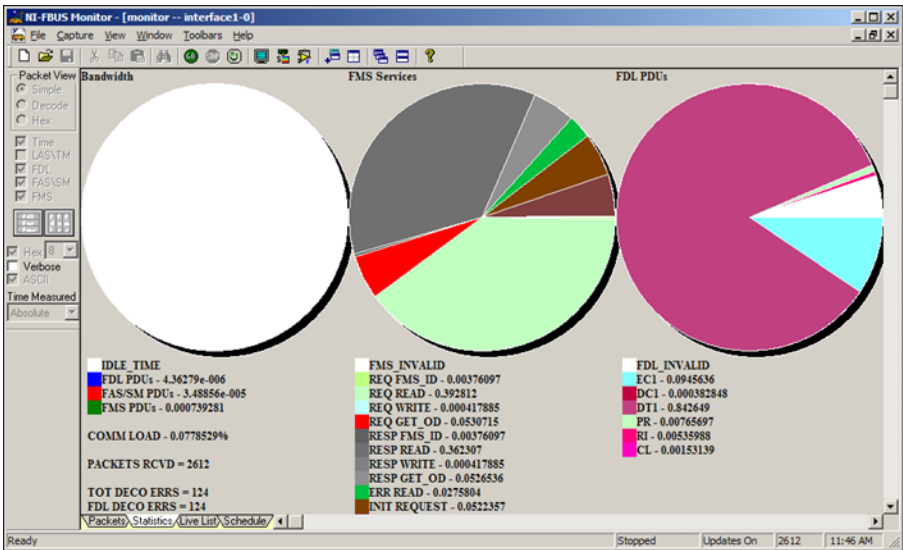
From End—Shows the time from the end of one packet to the end of the next packet.

Transmission—Shows the time it took to transmit a packet.

Statistics View

The statistics view shows the volume of the types of fieldbus packets passed over the bus, and the bus time (or bandwidth) that these packets consume. To select this view, click the **Statistics** tab at the bottom left of the filter window, or select **Statistics View** from the **View** menu. The most useful statistics chart is the Bandwidth chart. It is a pie chart showing the relative use of bandwidth for the FMS, FAS, and FDL packets as a fraction of the whole bus time. The FMS Services chart displays the volume of the different types of services transmitted from the FMS layers of the bus devices. The FMS Services chart is a breakdown of the FMS PDU section of the Bandwidth chart. The FDL PDUs chart shows the volume of the FDL PDUs transmitted over the bus. The FDL PDUs chart is a breakdown of the FDL PDU section of the Bandwidth chart. Figure 3-7 shows the statistics view.

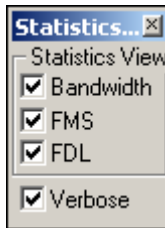
Figure 3-7. Filter Window Showing Statistics View



Statistics View Toolbar

The **Statistics View** toolbar allows you to select which graphs you would like to see. This toolbar is not visible by default. You can view this toolbar by selecting **Statistics Toolbar** from the **Toolbars** menu. Deselecting the box for a chart removes the corresponding chart from the view, and checking the box for a chart displays the chart. Figure 3-8 shows the **Statistics View** toolbar.

Figure 3-8. Statistics View Toolbar



Following are descriptions of the checkboxes on the **Statistics View** toolbar:

Bandwidth	Displays the relative bandwidth between FDL, FAS, and FMS packets.
FMS	Displays the FMS Service volume.
FDL	Displays the FDL PDU volume.
Verbose	Displays detailed statistics and spells out parameter names.

Live List View

The **Live List View** shows what devices on the fieldbus are active. This view lists active devices as *alive* and inactive devices as *dead*. The **Live List View** is active only during data capture.

Schedule View

The **Schedule View** shows the function block schedule packet information on the bus. An associated schedule file should be assigned in Capture Settings before a capture is started.

Filters

The filter is a tool you can use interactively at capture time or after capture.

Filter Operation During Capture

During capture the filter is valid, and the NI-FBUS Monitor discards all data not matching the filter. However, if there are multiple filter windows, the NI-FBUS Monitor checks each filter to make sure that it retains the desired data. If you make changes to the filter, the NI-FBUS Monitor instantly downloads the changes to the fieldbus, so the changes take effect immediately.

Filter Operation After Capture

After capture, you can filter out more undesired data (*postfilter*) by selecting only the packets you want to view. Changes to the filter forces the NI-FBUS Monitor to refilter the data, so that only the selected packets are visible. The NI-FBUS Monitor retains all of the original captured data. To refilter the data and display the desired packets, click on the packet types that you want to view again. The data filtered out during capture is not accessible. For example, after capture, you cannot recover Pass Token (PT) FDL packets if they were not enabled during capture.

Basic Filter Logic

A filter behaves differently depending on whether you select addresses on the **Filter by Address** tab. If no addresses are selected, the filter uses all addresses and combines the **FDL Filter** and **FMS Filter** choices, and captures the types of packets checked in those dialog boxes. If any addresses are selected on the **Filter by Address** tab, incoming packets are first screened for their address. If the address is one of the selected addresses, it is then compared to the FDL filter and the FMS filter.

Pseudocode for the filter follows:

If no addresses are selected in the **Filter by Address** tab:

Packets Captured = FDL Filter + FMS Filter

If addresses are selected in the **Filter by Address** tab:

Packets Captured = Address(es) * (FDL Filter + FMS Filter)

where + stands for *or* and * stands for *and*.

Filter Dialog Box

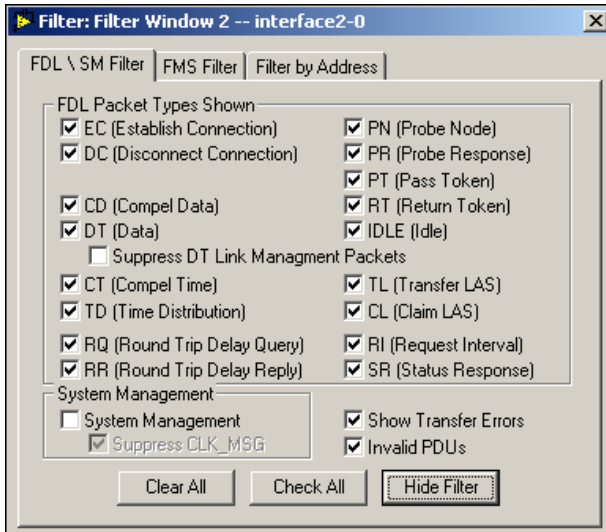
To view the **Filter** dialog box for a filter window, right-click the mouse to bring up the **Capture** menu and select **Filter Settings**, or you can click the **Filter Settings** toolbar button. The title bar of a filter displays the name of the filter window to which it is attached. The filter appears as a dialog box with three tabs—**FDL Filter**, **FMS Filter**, and **Filter by Address**. You can open the **Filter** dialog box any time before, during, and after capture, or you can hide it from view.

The following sections describe the tabs on the **Filter** dialog box.

FDL Filter Tab

The **FDL Filter** tab filters packets at the FDL layer and lists all of the FDL PDU types for easy selection. Select the checkbox by an FDL type to capture that type of packet. The **Show Transfer Errors** checkbox enables the display of data-transfer errors. A data-transfer error can occur if a packet does not have the proper checksum attached to it, which can be caused by bus noise. The NI-FBUS Monitor displays protocol errors along with the packets. Figure 3-9 shows the **FDL Filter** tab.

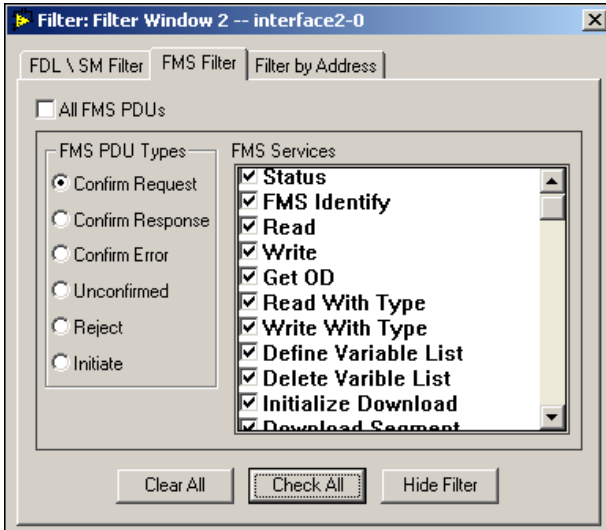
Figure 3-9. FDL Filter Tab



FMS Filter Tab

The **FMS Filter** tab filters packets by FMS service and lists all the **FMS Services** available. Select the **FMS PDU Type** using the radio buttons on the left of the dialog box to view the services corresponding to that PDU type in the **FMS Services** box. Select a checkbox to enable capture of the corresponding packet type. Figure 3-10 shows the **FMS Filter** tab.

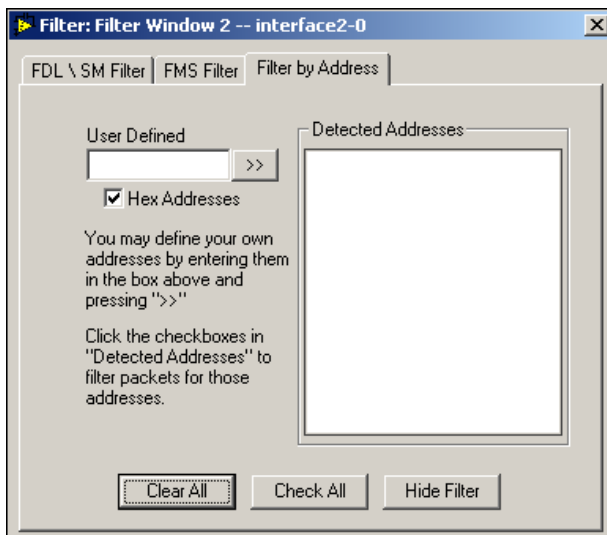
Figure 3-10. FMS Filter Tab



Filter by Address Tab

The **Filter by Address** tab filters data for a specific address or addresses. The NI-FBUS Monitor detects and lists all the currently detected addresses in the **Detected Addresses** box of the **Filter by Address** tab. The NI-FBUS Monitor captures data only for the selected addresses, and no other addresses. If you want to capture data for all addresses, click the **Clear All** button to ensure that no other addresses are selected. If you want to configure the filter before capture, use the **User Defined** field to insert addresses into the address list. Select the **Hex Addresses** checkbox to view the addresses in the **Detected Addresses** box in hexadecimal format. The **User Defined** field interprets data entered as hexadecimal data. Figure 3-11 shows the **Filter by Address** tab.

Figure 3-11. Filter by Address Tab



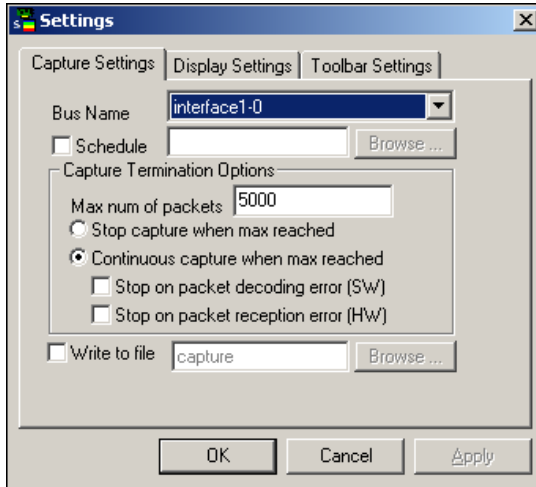
Settings Dialog Box

This dialog box contains optional settings for capturing data, displaying data, and changing the toolbar. To bring up the **Settings** dialog box, select **Settings** from the **Capture** menu.

Capture Settings Tab

The **Capture Settings** tab allows you to select the board to use, and to specify what you want the NI-FBUS Monitor to do after it receives the number of packets in the **Max num of packets** field. Figure 3-12 shows the **Capture Settings** tab.

Figure 3-12. Capture Settings Tab



Following are descriptions of the options on the **Capture Settings** tab:

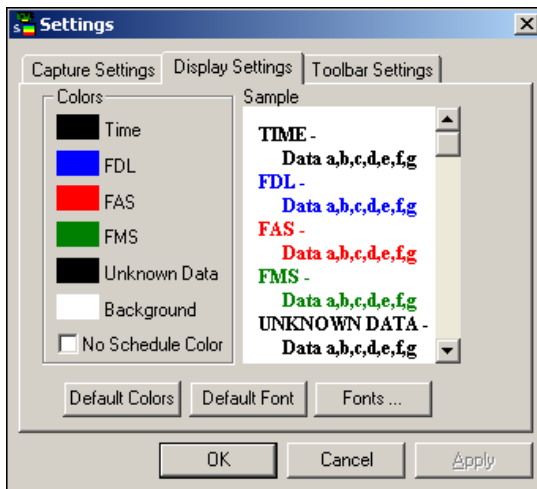
Bus Name	Allows you to select a fieldbus interface board.
Schedule	Allows you to select a fieldbus schedule configuration file.
Max num of packets	Allows you to enter the maximum number of packets you want the NI-FBUS Monitor to capture.
Stop capture when max reached	Stops capture of data after the NI-FBUS Monitor receives the Max num of packets .
Continuous capture when max reached	Continues capture after the NI-FBUS Monitor receives the Max num of packets by dumping the oldest packet from the captured data, and saving the newest packet.
Stop on packet decoding	Stops continuous capture when a packet error occurs. Improper

error (SW)	packet decoding format causes decoding errors.
Stop packet on reception error (HW)	Stops continuous capture when a reception error occurs.
Write to file	Writes captured data directly to the file specified in the field. If you select Continuous capture when max reached , the NI-FBUS Monitor writes data to the file until you stop the capture. During a continuous capture, the number of packets retained in memory does not exceed the value in the Max num of packets field.

Display Settings Tab

The **Display Settings** tab allows you to select the colors of packet portions and the font the NI-FBUS Monitor uses to display data. To change a color, click the color next to the field name. To change the font, click the **Fonts** button. To reset the colors and fonts to the NI-FBUS Monitor defaults, click the **Default Colors** and **Default Font** buttons. Figure 3-13 shows the **Display Settings** tab.

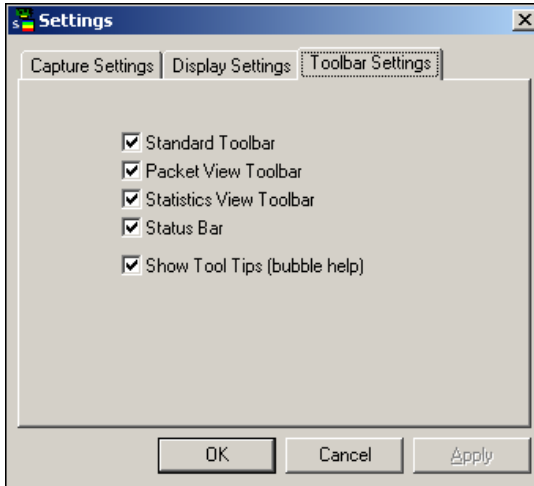
Figure 3-13. Display Settings Tab



Toolbar Settings Tab

The **Toolbar Settings** tab allows you to select which toolbars the NI-FBUS Monitor displays. Select the **Show Tool Tips** checkbox to activate the tool tip help for most controls. To view the tips, pause your cursor over a control. Figure 3-14 shows the **Toolbar Settings** tab.

Figure 3-14. Toolbar Settings Tab



How To Use the NI-FBUS Monitor

This chapter describes how to perform basic tasks with the NI-FBUS Monitor.

Starting the NI-FBUS Monitor

To launch the **NI-FBUS Monitor** application, double-click the Fieldbus Monitor icon in the **Fieldbus Software** program group.

Starting Capture

To start capture, complete the following steps:

1. (Optional) Before starting a capture, you might want to open the filter to select specific packets to capture. To open the filter, select **Filter Settings** from the **Capture** menu or click the **Filter Settings** button on the standard toolbar. The filter appears as a dialog box that allows you to select which packets you want to capture. You do not have to configure the filter at the start of capture; you can configure the filter any time during the capture.
2. (Optional) To select a board to capture from, select **Capture»Settings** and select the **Capture Settings** tab from the **Settings** dialog box.
3. To capture data, select **Start Capture** from the **Capture** menu or click the **Start Capture** button on the standard toolbar.

Stopping Capture

You can stop data capture in one of two ways:

- Select **Stop Capture** from the **Capture** menu or click the **Stop Capture** button on the standard toolbar.
- Select **Capture»Settings** and click the **Capture Settings** tab in the **Settings** dialog box. Click the **Stop capture when max reached** button to stop capture after the NI-FBUS Monitor receives the number of packets specified by **Max num of packets**.

Saving Data

To save the captured data, select **Save** from the **File** menu or click the **Save Capture** button on the standard toolbar. The NI-FBUS Monitor places the saved data in the current window. During the save operation, the NI-FBUS Monitor prompts you to save all of the captured data or just the filtered data, if there was any filtering after capture.

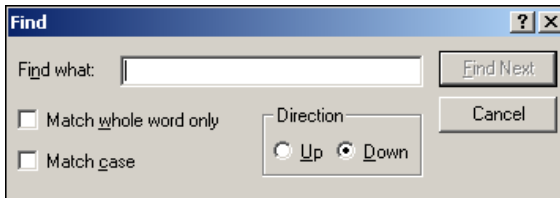
You can save data in two formats:

- *.mon, a binary format that the NI-FBUS Monitor can reload and refilter
- *.txt, an ASCII format that text editors can load

Finding Data

To find data, select **Find Data** from the **Capture** menu or click the **Find Data** button on the standard toolbar. The **Find** dialog box, as shown in Figure 4-1, appears. If the NI-FBUS Monitor finds the data, it places an elliptical mark by the packet in which the data appears.

Figure 4-1. Find Dialog Box

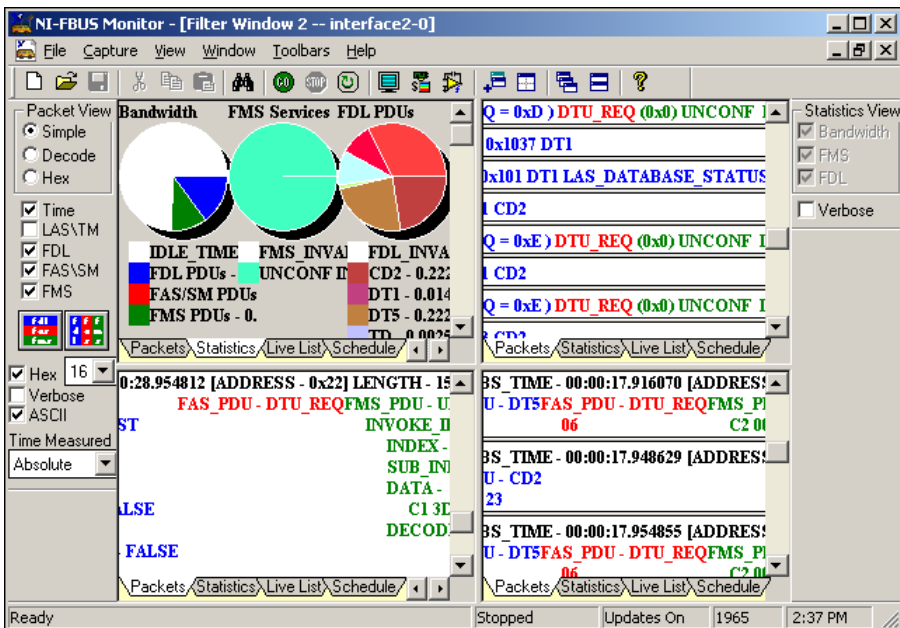


Viewing Data

You can view data in a filter window, and switch between tabs to view all the information, or you can split the window and view all tabs simultaneously.

To split the current Filter window into four panes, select **Window»Split Filter Window** or click the **Split Filter Window** button on the standard toolbar. The split window allows you to look at different parts of the capture at the same time. Figure 4-2 shows an example Filter window screen split into four panes that display the data for this filter.

Figure 4-2. Example Filter Window Session



In Figure 4-2, the upper left pane displays statistical information about the packets on the bus, and the other three panes display the packets in the simple, decode, and hex modes, respectively. The toolbar affects the currently active view, so be sure to select a view by clicking in the view area before selecting the toolbar options.

Using The Simulator

You can use the simulator on any saved capture file (*.mon). To use the simulator, complete the following steps:

1. To open the file, select **File»Open** and select a *.mon file.
2. To select the simulator board, select **Capture»Settings** and select the **Capture Settings** tab from the **Settings** dialog box. Select **Simulator** from **Bus Name** drop-down list.
3. To run the simulator, select **Start Capture** from the **Capture** menu or click the **Start Capture** button on the standard toolbar.



Note Only NI-FBUS Monitor version 4.0 or later supports the simulator.

Improving Performance

This section contains hints for improving the performance of the NI-FBUS Monitor on systems slower than the platform recommended mentioned in the *Recommended Minimum Platform* section of Chapter 1, *Introduction*.

Conserve Memory

Close unnecessary applications, and set **Max num of packets** on the **Capture Settings** tab to a low value (less than 500). To see the **Capture Settings** tab, select **Capture»Settings** or click the **Capture Settings** button on the standard toolbar.

Turn Live Updates Off

To prevent the NI-FBUS Monitor from updating its windows, deselect **Live Updates** on the **Capture menu**. On a slow computer, it can take a relatively long time (more than one second) to update the graphics in windows. During this time, you can lose many data packets. Lost packets are denoted by an asterisk (*) before the packet in the capture.

Filter Only for Needed Data

Pass Token (PT), Time Distribution (TD), Return Token (RT), Probe Node (PN), Probe Response (PR), and Compel Data (CD) packets occur frequently. You might not want to collect all of these, particularly the Probe Node (PN) packets.

No Split Windows

In general, the fewer open windows the NI-FBUS Monitor has to update, the faster the NI-FBUS Monitor performs.

Technical Support and Professional Services

Log in to your National Instruments ni.com User Profile to get personalized access to your services. Visit the following sections of ni.com for technical support and professional services:

- **Support**—Technical support at ni.com/support includes the following resources:
 - **Self-Help Technical Resources**—For answers and solutions, visit ni.com/support for software drivers and updates, a searchable KnowledgeBase, product manuals, step-by-step troubleshooting wizards, thousands of example programs, tutorials, application notes, instrument drivers, and so on. Registered users also receive access to the NI Discussion Forums at ni.com/forums. NI Applications Engineers make sure every question submitted online receives an answer.
 - **Standard Service Program Membership**—This program entitles members to direct access to NI Applications Engineers via phone and email for one-to-one technical support, as well as exclusive access to self-paced online training modules at ni.com/self-paced-training. All customers automatically receive a one-year membership in the Standard Service Program (SSP) with the purchase of most software products and bundles including NI Developer Suite. NI also offers flexible extended contract options that guarantee your SSP benefits are available without interruption for as long as you need them. Visit ni.com/ssp for more information.
For information about other technical support options in your area, visit ni.com/services, or contact your local office at ni.com/contact.
- **Training and Certification**—Visit ni.com/training for training and certification program information. You can also register for instructor-led, hands-on courses at locations around the world.
- **System Integration**—If you have time constraints, limited in-house technical resources, or other project challenges, National Instruments Alliance Partner members can help. To learn more, call your local NI office or visit ni.com/alliance.
- **Declaration of Conformity (DoC)**—A DoC is our claim of compliance with the Council of the European Communities using the manufacturer’s declaration of conformity. This system affords the user protection for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and product safety. You can obtain the DoC for your product by visiting ni.com/certification.
- **Calibration Certificate**—If your product supports calibration, you can obtain the calibration certificate for your product at ni.com/calibration.

You also can visit the Worldwide Offices section of ni.com/niglobal to access the branch office websites, which provide up-to-date contact information, support phone numbers, email addresses, and current events.

Glossary

Symbol	Prefix	Value
p	pico	10^{-12}
n	nano	10^{-9}
μ	micro	10^{-6}
m	milli	10^{-3}
k	kilo	10^3
M	mega	10^6
G	giga	10^9
T	tera	10^{12}

A

alive	Active and functioning on the fieldbus.
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange.
asynchronous	Communication that occurs at times which are not predetermined.

B

B	Bytes
bandwidth	The capacity of a bus to transmit data.
binary format	A file format composed of ones and zeroes for computer use.
bus	A pathway for data between devices.
bus noise	Imperfections in data transfer caused by cable length or interference from external factors.

C

capture document	An NI-FBUS monitor document in memory that contains all the settings and data of your capture.
CD	Compel Data.
channel	A pin or wire lead to which you apply or from which you read the analog or digital signal.
checksum	A method used to ensure that data is transmitted correctly.
Communication Stack	The hierarchy of layers in a layered communications model that performs the services required to interface the User Application to the Physical Layer of the fieldbus.
CPU	Central processing unit.

D

data packet	A unit of data of a certain size.
dead	Inactive or not functioning on the fieldbus.
DMA	Direct Memory Access.
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory. Memory that requires electricity and refreshing to hold data.

F

FAS	See Fieldbus Access Sublayer .
FBUS	In this manual, this term refers to the NI-FBUS software, including the NI-FBUS Communications Manager, NI-FBUS Configurator, and NI-FBUS Monitor.
FDL	See Fieldbus Data Link layer .
fieldbus	An all-digital, two-way communication system that connects control systems to instrumentation.

Fieldbus Access Sublayer	The layer of the communication stack that provides an interface between the DLL and layer 7 of the OSI model. The FAS provides communication services such as client/server, publisher/subscriber, and event distribution.
fieldbus address	Location of a board or device on the fieldbus; the fieldbus node address.
Fieldbus Data Link layer	The second lowest layer of the fieldbus communications stack.
Fieldbus Messaging Specification layer	The layer of the communication stack that defines a model for applications to interact over the fieldbus. The services FMS provides allow you to read and write information about the OD, read and write the data variables described in the OD, and perform other activities such as uploading/downloading data, and invoking programs inside a device.
filter	A software screening device you configure to make the NI-FBUS Monitor capture only certain types of data that move across the fieldbus.
Filter window	A window inside the main window of the NI-FBUS Monitor that shows captured data with selected data filtered out.
FMS	<i>See</i> Fieldbus Messaging Specification layer.
H	
hex	Hexadecimal.
Hz	Hertz.
I	
I/O	Input/output.
IRQ	Interrupt request.
ISA	Industry Standard Architecture.

L

layer *See* [Communication Stack](#).

M

MDI *See* Multiple Document Interface.

Multiple Document Interface A software interface that contains many smaller windows open concurrently that display data from different sources.

P

PC Personal Computer.

PDU Protocol Data Unit.

PN Probe Node.

PR Probe Response.

processor The central controlling and computing part of a computer.

protocol error An error in data transfer that has to do with the way the data is sent.

PT Pass Token.

R

RAM Random Access Memory.

RT Return Token.

T

TD Time Distribution.

Index

C

- calibration certificate (NI resources), A-1
- capture document, 3-2
 - relationship to window (figure), 3-3
- capture menu
 - filter settings, 3-8
 - find data, 3-8
 - finding data, 4-2
 - hexadecimal data, 3-8
 - high priority updates, 3-8
 - live updates, 3-8
 - reset capture, 3-8
 - saving data, 4-2
 - scrolling live updates, 3-8
 - settings, 3-8
 - smooth live updates, 3-8
 - start capture, 3-8
 - starting capture, 4-1
 - stop capture, 3-8
 - stopping capture, 4-1
 - verbose data, 3-8
 - viewing data, 4-2
- capture settings tab
 - layout (figure), 3-20
 - options, 3-20
 - overview, 3-20
- configuration
 - interface port, 2-1
 - NI-FBUS software, 2-1
- conventions used in the manual, *ix*

D

- Declaration of Conformity (NI resources), A-1
- diagnostic tools (NI resources), A-1
- display settings tab
 - layout (figure), 3-21
 - overview, 3-21
- documentation
 - conventions used in manual, *ix*
 - NI resources, A-1
 - related documentation, *ix*
- drivers (NI resources), A-1

E

- examples (NI resources), A-1

F

- FDL filter tab
 - layout (figure), 3-17
 - overview, 3-17
- fieldbus data link layer (FDL), 1-1
- fieldbus messaging specification layer (FMS), 1-1
- file menu options, 3-7
- filter by address tab
 - layout (figure), 3-19
 - overview, 3-19
- filter dialog box
 - description, 3-1
 - FDL tab, overview, 3-17
 - filter by address tab, overview, 3-19
 - FMS tab
 - overview, 3-18
 - functional overview, 3-16
 - options, 3-1
 - overview, 3-16
- filter window
 - description, 3-1
 - functional overview, 3-10
 - layout (figure), 3-10
 - live list view, 3-15
 - packet view, 3-11
 - packet display formats, 3-11
 - schedule view, 3-15
 - statistics view, 3-14
 - layout (figure), 3-14
- filters
 - basic logic, 3-16
 - filter dialog box, 3-16
 - filter operation after capture, 3-16
 - filter operation during capture, 3-16
 - overview, 3-16
- FMS filter tab
 - layout (figure), 3-18
 - overview, 3-18

H

help

- menu, 3-9
- technical support, A-1

I

- instrument drivers (NI resources), A-1
- interface configuration utility, 2-1
 - interface port, 2-1
- interface port configuration, 2-1

K

- KnowledgeBase, A-1

M

main menu bar

- capture menu, 3-8
- file menu, 3-7
- help menu, 3-9
- overview, 3-7
- packet menu, 3-8
- statistics menu, 3-8
- toolbar menu, 3-9
- view menu, 3-8
- window menu, 3-9

main window

- description, 3-1
- functional overview, 3-4
- layout (figure), 3-4

menus and standard toolbar, 3-5

monitor interface overview, 3-2

multiple document interface (MDI), 1-1

N

National Instruments support and services, A-1

NI-FBUS monitor

- description, 1-1
- filter dialog box, 3-1
- filter window, 3-1
- improving performance, 4-4
- interface configuration utility, 2-1
- interface port configuration, 2-1
- list of utility windows, 3-1
- main window, 3-1

minimum platform recommended, 1-1

- packet view toolbar, 3-1
- procedural overview, 3-2
- settings dialog box, 3-1
- standard toolbar, 3-1
- starting the monitor, 4-1
- statistics view toolbar, 3-1
- using the simulator, 4-3
- window overview, 1-1

P

packet display formats

- decode, 3-12
- hex, 3-12
- simple, 3-12

packet menu options, 3-8

packet view

- filter window and data (figure), 3-11

packet view toolbar

- checkboxes, 3-13
 - FAS/SM button, 3-13
 - FDL button, 3-13
 - FMS button, 3-13
 - hex button, 3-13
 - LAS/TM button, 3-13
 - time button, 3-13
 - verbose button, 3-13

description, 3-1

drop-down list options, 3-13

functional overview, 3-12

graphic buttons

- horizontal packets button, 3-13
- vertical packets button, 3-13

layout (figure), 3-12

radio buttons, 3-12

- decode button, 3-12
- hex button, 3-12
- simple button, 3-12

programming examples (NI resources), A-1

R

related documentation, ix

S

- settings dialog box
 - capture settings tab, 3-20
 - description, 3-1
 - display settings tab, 3-21
 - functional overview, 3-20
 - options, 3-1
 - overview, 3-20
 - toolbar settings tab, 3-22
- simulator, 4-3
- single filter, 3-2
- software (NI resources), A-1
- split filter window
 - button, 4-2
 - capture menu, 4-2
 - example view (figure), 4-3
- standard toolbar
 - add filter window button, 3-6
 - button functions, 3-5
 - capture settings button, 3-6
 - cascade window button, 3-7
 - copy button, 3-5
 - cut button, 3-5
 - description, 3-1
 - filter settings button, 3-6
 - find data button, 3-6
 - find data dialog box (figure), 4-2
 - help button, 3-7
 - layout (figure), 3-5
 - live updates off button, 3-6
 - new capture button, 3-5
 - open capture button, 3-5
 - paste button, 3-5
 - reset capture button, 3-6
 - save capture button, 3-5
 - split filter window button, 3-6, 4-2
 - start capture button, 3-6
 - stop capture button, 3-6
 - tile window button, 3-7
- statistics menu
 - live list view, 3-8
 - options, 3-8

- statistics view toolbar
 - checkboxes
 - bandwidth, 3-15
 - FDL, 3-15
 - FMS, 3-15
 - verbose, 3-15
 - description, 3-1
 - functional overview, 3-15
 - layout (figure), 3-15
- support, technical, A-1

T

- technical support, A-1
- toolbar menu
 - options, 3-9
 - packet, 3-9
 - standard, 3-9
 - statistics, 3-9
 - status bar, 3-9
- toolbar settings tab
 - layout (figure), 3-22
 - overview, 3-22
- training and certification (NI resources), A-1
- troubleshooting (NI resources), A-1

V

- view menu options, 3-8

W

- Web resources, A-1
- window menu
 - add filter window, 3-9
 - arrange icons, 3-9
 - cascade, 3-9
 - options, 3-9
 - split filter window, 3-9, 4-2
 - tile, 3-9
 - window list, 3-9