

# NI DAQCard™-6062E Family Specifications

This document lists the I/O terminal summary and specifications for the NI DAQCard-6062E for PCMCIA.

## I/O Terminal Summary



**Note** With NI-DAQmx, National Instruments revised its terminal names so they are easier to understand and more consistent among NI hardware and software products. The revised terminal names used in this document are usually similar to the names they replace. For a complete list of Traditional NI-DAQ (Legacy) terminal names and their NI-DAQmx equivalents, refer to *Terminal Name Equivalents* of the *E Series Help*.

**Table 1.** I/O Terminals

Terminal Name	Terminal Type and Direction	Impedance Input/Output	Protection (V) On/Off	Source (mA at V)	Sink (mA at V)	Rise Time (ns)	Bias
AI <0..15>	AI	100 GΩ in parallel with 100 pF	25/10	—	—	—	±200 pA
AI SENSE	AI	100 GΩ in parallel with 100 pF	25/10	—	—	—	±200 pA
AI GND	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
AO 0	AO	0.1 Ω	Short-circuit to ground	5 at 10	5 at -10	10 V/μs	—
AO 1	AO	0.1 Ω	Short-circuit to ground	5 at 10	5 at -10	10 V/μs	—
AO EXT REF	AI	10 kΩ	25/15	—	—	—	—
AO GND	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
D GND	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
+5 V	—	0.45 Ω	Short-circuit to ground	250 at V <sub>CC</sub>	—	—	—
P0.<0..7>	DIO	—	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	13 at (V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.4)	24 at 0.4	1.1	50 kΩ pu <sup>†</sup>

**Table 1.** I/O Terminals (Continued)

Terminal Name	Terminal Type and Direction	Impedance Input/Output	Protection (V) On/Off	Source (mA at V)	Sink (mA at V)	Rise Time (ns)	Bias
AI HOLD COMP	DO	—	—	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
EXT STROBE*	DO	—	—	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
PFI 0/ (AI START TRIG)	AI/DIO	10 kΩ	$V_{CC} + 0.5/\pm 35$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu, 10 kΩ pd
PFI 1/ (AI REF TRIG)	DIO	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
PFI 2/ (AI CONV CLK)*	DIO	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
PFI 3/ CTR 1 SOURCE	DIO	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
PFI 4/CTR 1 GATE	DIO	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
CTR 1 OUT	DO	—	—	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
PFI 5/ (AO SAMP CLK)*	DIO	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
PFI 6/ (AO START TRIG)	DIO	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
PFI 7/ (AI SAMP CLK)	DIO	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
PFI 8/ CTR 0 SOURCE	DIO	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
PFI 9/CTR 0 GATE	DIO	—	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
CTR 0 OUT	DO	—	—	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu
FREQ OUT	DO	—	—	3.5 at ( $V_{CC} - 0.4$ )	5 at 0.4	1.5	50 kΩ pu

**Caution:** Exceeding the output limit in the Source and Sink columns can damage the NI DAQCard-6062E.

\* Indicates active low.

† P0.<6..7> are also pulled up with a 10 kΩ resistor.

AI = Analog Input      DIO = Digital Input/Output      pu = pull-up

AO = Analog Output      DO = Digital Output      AI/DIO = Analog Input/Digital Input/Output

**Note:** The tolerance on the 50 kΩ pull-up resistors is large. Actual value might range between 17 kΩ and 100 kΩ.

# Specifications

The following specifications are typical at 25 °C unless otherwise noted.

## Analog Input

### Input Characteristics

Number of channels ..... 16 single-ended,  
16 pseudodifferential,  
or 8 differential  
(software-selectable on  
a per-channel basis)

Type of A/D converter (ADC) ..... Successive  
approximation

Resolution ..... 12 bits, 1 in 4,096

Max sampling rate ..... 500 kS/s

Input signal ranges

Range (Software-Selectable)	Input Range	
	Bipolar	Unipolar
20 V	±10 V	—
10 V	±5 V	0 to 10 V
5 V	±2.5 V	0 to 5 V
2 V	±1 V	0 to 2 V
1 V	±500 mV	0 to 1 V
500 mV	±250 mV	0 to 500 mV
200 mV	±100 mV	0 to 200 mV
100 mV	±50 mV	0 to 100 mV

## Accuracy Information

Nominal Range at Full Scale (V)	Absolute Accuracy						Relative Accuracy Resolution (mV)
	% of Reading		Noise + Quantization (mV)		Temp Drift (%/°C)	Absolute Accuracy at Full Scale (mV)	
	24 Hours	1 Year	Offset (mV)	Single Pt.		Single Pt.	
±10.0	0.0672	0.0714	9.83	6.100	0.975	0.0010	17.945
±5.0	0.0272	0.0314	4.92	3.050	0.488	0.0005	6.983
±2.5	0.0672	0.0714	2.47	1.530	0.244	0.0010	4.502
±1.0	0.0672	0.0714	1.001	0.610	0.098	0.0010	1.813
±0.5	0.0672	0.0714	0.511	0.305	0.049	0.0010	0.917
±0.25	0.0672	0.0714	0.266	0.208	0.029	0.0010	0.474
±0.1	0.0672	0.0714	0.119	0.098	0.012	0.0010	0.203
±0.05	0.0672	0.0714	0.070	0.071	0.008	0.0010	0.113
10 to 0	0.0272	0.0314	4.920	3.050	0.488	0.0005	8.555
5 to 0	0.0672	0.0714	2.470	1.530	0.244	0.0010	6.288
2 to 0	0.0672	0.0714	1.001	0.610	0.098	0.0010	2.528
1 to 0	0.0672	0.0714	0.511	0.305	0.049	0.0010	1.274
0.5 to 0	0.0672	0.0714	0.266	0.208	0.029	0.0010	0.653
0.2 to 0	0.0672	0.0714	0.119	0.098	0.012	0.0010	0.274
0.1 to 0	0.0672	0.0714	0.070	0.071	0.008	0.0010	0.149

**Note:** Accuracies are valid for measurements following an internal E Series calibration. Averaged numbers assume dithering and averaging of 100 single-channel readings. Measurement accuracies are listed for operational temperatures within  $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$  of internal calibration temperature and  $\pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$  of external or factory-calibration temperature. NI recommends a one-year calibration interval. The Absolute Accuracy at Full Scale calculations were performed for a maximum range input voltage (for example, 10 V for the  $\pm 10\text{ V}$  range) after one year, assuming 100 points of averaged data. Go to [ni.com/info](http://ni.com/info) and enter info code `rdspec` for example calculations.

## Transfer Characteristics

Relative accuracy .....	$\pm 0.5$ LSB typ dithered, $\pm 1.5$ LSB max undithered
Differential nonlinearity (DNL).....	$\pm 0.75$ LSB typ, −0.9, +1.5 LSB max
No missing codes .....	12 bits, guaranteed
Offset error	
Pregain error after calibration.....	$\pm 16$ $\mu$ V max
Pregain error before calibration .....	$\pm 4$ mV max
Postgain error after calibration...	$\pm 1$ mV max
Postgain error before calibration .....	$\pm 265$ mV max

### Gain error (relative to calibration reference)

After calibration (gain = 1).....	$\pm 0.02\%$ of reading max
Before calibration .....	$\pm 2.5\%$ of reading max
Gain $\neq 1$ with gain error adjusted to 0 at gain = 1.....	$\pm 0.02\%$ of reading max

## Amplifier Characteristics

### Input impedance

Normal powered on .....	100 G $\Omega$ in parallel with 100 pF
Powered off .....	820 $\Omega$ min
Overload .....	820 $\Omega$ min

Input bias current .....

$\pm 200$  pA

Input offset current.....

$\pm 100$  pA

### Common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR), DC to 60 Hz

Range	CMRR
10 to 20 V	85 dB
5 V	95 dB
100 mV to 2 V	100 dB

## Dynamic Characteristics

### Bandwidth

Small signal ( $-3$  dB)..... 1.3 MHz

Large signal (1% THD)..... 250 kHz

Settling time for full-scale step

Range	Accuracy*		
	$\pm 0.012\%$ ( $\pm 0.5$ LSB)	$\pm 0.024\%$ ( $\pm 1$ LSB)	$\pm 0.098\%$ ( $\pm 4$ LSB)
All	2.5 $\mu$ s typ	2.5 $\mu$ s typ, 4 $\mu$ s max	2 $\mu$ s typ

\* Accuracy values are valid for source impedances <1 k $\Omega$ . Refer to *Multichannel Scanning Considerations* of the *E Series Help* for more information.

System noise (LSB<sub>rms</sub>, not including quantization)

Range	Dither On	Dither Off
1 to 20 V	0.25	0.6
500 mV	0.4	0.75
200 mV	0.5	0.8
100 mV	0.8	1.0

### Crosstalk (DC to 100 kHz)

Adjacent channels .....

−75 dB

All other channels .....

−90 dB

## Stability

### Offset temperature coefficient

Pregain .....

$\pm 5$   $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C

Postgain.....

$\pm 240$   $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C

Gain temperature coefficient .....

$\pm 20$  ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C

## Analog Output

### Output Characteristics

Number of channels .....

2 voltage

Resolution.....

12 bits, 1 in 4,096

Max update rate, waveform generation

FIFO Mode		Non-FIFO Mode	
Internally Timed	Externally Timed	1 Channel	2 Channels
850 kS/s	850 kS/s	800 kS/s, system-dependent	400 kS/s, system-dependent

Type of D/A converter (DAC) .....	Double-buffered, multiplying
FIFO buffer size .....	2,048 samples (S)
Data transfers.....	Interrupts, programmed I/O

## Accuracy Information

Nominal Range (V)		Absolute Accuracy				Absolute Accuracy at Full Scale (mV)	
Positive Full Scale	Negative Full Scale	% of Reading			Offset (mV)		
		24 Hours	90 Days	1 Year			
10	-10	0.0177	0.0197	0.0219	8.37	0.0005	10.568

**Note:** Accuracies are valid for measurements following an internal E Series calibration. Averaged numbers assume dithering and averaging of 100 single-channel readings. Measurement accuracies are listed for operational temperatures within  $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$  of internal calibration temperature and  $\pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$  of external or factory-calibration temperature. NI recommends a one-year calibration interval. The Absolute Accuracy at Full Scale calculations were performed for a maximum range input voltage (for example, 10 V for the  $\pm 10$  V range) after one year, assuming 100 points of averaged data. Go to [ni.com/info](http://ni.com/info) and enter info code `rdspec` for example calculations.

## Transfer Characteristics

Relative accuracy, or integral nonlinearity (INL)	
After calibration .....	$\pm 0.5$ LSB typ, $\pm 1.0$ LSB max
Before calibration .....	$\pm 4$ LSB max
DNL	
After calibration .....	$\pm 0.5$ LSB typ, $\pm 1.0$ LSB max
Before calibration .....	$\pm 3$ LSB max
Monotonicity .....	12 bits, guaranteed after calibration
Offset error	
After calibration .....	$\pm 1.0$ mV max
Before calibration .....	$\pm 200$ mV max
Gain error (relative to internal reference)	
After calibration .....	$\pm 0.01\%$ of output max
Before calibration .....	$\pm 0.7\%$ of output max
Gain error (relative to external reference) .....	$\pm 0.5\%$ of output max, not adjustable

## Voltage Output

Ranges.....	$\pm 10$ V, $\pm$ AO EXT REF (software-selectable)
Output coupling .....	DC
Output impedance .....	$0.1 \Omega$ max
Current drive .....	$\pm 5$ mA max
Protection .....	Short-circuit to ground
Power-on state.....	0 V ( $\pm 200$ mV)
External reference input	
Range.....	$\pm 11$ V
Overvoltage protection .....	$\pm 25$ V powered on, $\pm 15$ V powered off
Input impedance .....	$10 \text{ k}\Omega$
Bandwidth (-3 dB) .....	50 kHz

## Dynamic Characteristics

Settling time for full-scale step .....	3.5 $\mu\text{s}$ to $\pm 0.5$ LSB accuracy
Slew rate .....	10 V/ $\mu\text{s}$
Noise .....	$200 \mu\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$ , DC to 300 kHz

Glitch energy (at midscale transition)

Magnitude

Reglitching disabled .....  $\pm 80$  mV

Reglitching enabled .....  $\pm 30$  mV

Duration ..... 3  $\mu$ s

## Stability

Offset temperature coefficient .....  $\pm 50$   $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C

Gain temperature coefficient

Internal reference .....  $\pm 25$  ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C

External reference .....  $\pm 25$  ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C

## Digital I/O

Number of channels ..... 8 input/output

Compatibility ..... 5 V/TTL

Digital logic levels on P0.<0..7>

Level	Min	Max
Input low voltage	0 V	0.8 V
Input high voltage	2.0 V	5.0 V
Input low current ( $V_{in} = 0$ V)	—	-320 $\mu$ A
Input high current ( $V_{in} = 5$ V)	—	10 $\mu$ A
Output low voltage ( $I_{OL} = 24$ mA)	—	0.4 V
Output high voltage ( $I_{OH} = -13$ mA)	4.35 V	—

Power-on state ..... Input (high-impedance)

Data transfers ..... Programmed I/O

Max transfer rate ..... 50 kwords/s,  
system dependent

Constant sustainable rate ..... 1 to 10 kwords/s, typ

## Timing I/O

Number of channels ..... 2 up/down  
counter/timers,  
1 frequency scaler

Resolution

Counter/timers ..... 24 bits

Frequency scalers ..... 4 bits

Compatibility ..... 5 V TTL/CMOS

Base clocks available

Counter/timers ..... 20 MHz, 100 kHz

Frequency scalers ..... 10 MHz, 100 kHz

Base clock accuracy .....  $\pm 0.01\%$

Max source frequency  
up/down counter/timers ..... 20 MHz

Min source pulse duration ..... 10 ns in edge-detection  
mode

Min gate pulse duration ..... 10 ns in edge-detection  
mode

Data transfers ..... Interrupts,  
programmed I/O

## Triggers

### Analog Trigger

Source ..... AI <0..15>,  
external trigger  
(PFI 0/AI START TRIG)

Purpose

Analog input ..... Start, reference,  
and pause trigger,  
sample clock

Analog output ..... Start and pause trigger,  
sample clock

Counter/timers ..... Source, gate

Level

Internal .....  $\pm$ Full-scale

External .....  $\pm 10$  V

Slope ..... Positive or negative  
(software-selectable)

Resolution ..... 8 bits, 1 in 256

Hysteresis ..... Programmable

Bandwidth (-3 dB)

Internal ..... 500 kHz

External ..... 2.5 MHz

External input (PFI 0/AI START TRIG)

Impedance ..... 12 k $\Omega$

Coupling ..... DC

Protection

When configured as  
a digital signal ..... -0.5 to  $V_{CC}$

When configured as an analog  
trigger signal or disabled .....  $\pm 35$  V

Powered off .....  $\pm 35$  V

## Digital Trigger

### Purpose

Analog input .....	Start, reference, and pause trigger, sample clock
Analog output .....	Start and pause trigger, sample clock
Counter/timers .....	Source, gate
External sources .....	PFI <0..9>
Compatibility.....	.5 V TTL
Response.....	Rising or falling edge
Pulse width .....	10 ns min

## Calibration

Recommended warm-up time .....30 minutes

Calibration interval.....1 year

External calibration reference .....>6 and <9.999 V

Onboard calibration reference

Level .....5.000 V ( $\pm 2.5$  mV)  
(actual value stored  
in EEPROM)

Temperature coefficient..... $\pm 5$  ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C max

Long-term stability ..... $\pm 15$  ppm/  $\sqrt{1,000}$  h

## Power Requirement (from PCMCIA I/O Channel)

+5 VDC ( $\pm 5\%$ ) .....340 mA typ, 750 mA max

Power available at I/O connector ....+4.65 to +5.25 V at  
250 mA



**Note** These power usage figures do not include the power used by external devices that are connected to the fused supply present on the I/O connector.

Under ordinary operation, the DAQCard has a current requirement of 320–350 mA. The current requirements of the DAQCard might increase to 450 mA in any of the following conditions:

- The analog inputs you are sampling are overdriven at high gains.
- The analog inputs are left floating when the DAQCard is not in use.
- The analog outputs are driving high loads.

## Physical

PC card type.....	Type II
Weight.....	33 g (1.1 oz)
I/O connector .....	68-position female VHDCI connector

## Environmental

Operating temperature .....	0 to 40 $^{\circ}$ C
Maximum device temperature....	70 $^{\circ}$ C measured by internal temperature sensor
Case temperature .....	55 $^{\circ}$ C recommended max
Storage temperature .....	-20 to 70 $^{\circ}$ C
Relative humidity.....	10 to 90%, noncondensing
Maximum altitude.....	2,000 m

Pollution Degree  
(indoor use only).....2

## Maximum Working Voltage

Maximum working voltage refers to the signal voltage plus the common-mode voltage.

Channel-to-earth .....	11 V, Installation Category I
Channel-to-channel .....	11 V, Installation Category I

## Safety

This product is designed to meet the requirements of the following standards of safety for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- IEC 60950-1, EN 60950-1
- UL 60950-1
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1



**Note** For UL and other safety certifications, refer to the product label, or visit [ni.com/certification](http://ni.com/certification), search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

## **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

Emissions ..... EN 55011 Class A at 10 m  
FCC Part 15A above  
1 GHz

Immunity ..... EN 61326:1997  
A2:2001, Table 1

CE, C-Tick, and FCC Part 15 (Class A) Compliant



**Note** For EMC compliance, operate this device with shielded cabling.

## **CE Compliance**

This product meets the essential requirements of applicable European Directives, as amended for CE marking, as follows:

Low-Voltage Directive (safety) ..... 73/23/EEC

Electromagnetic Compatibility

Directive (EMC) ..... 89/336/EEC



**Note** Refer to the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for this product for any additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain the DoC for this product, visit [ni.com/certification](http://ni.com/certification), search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

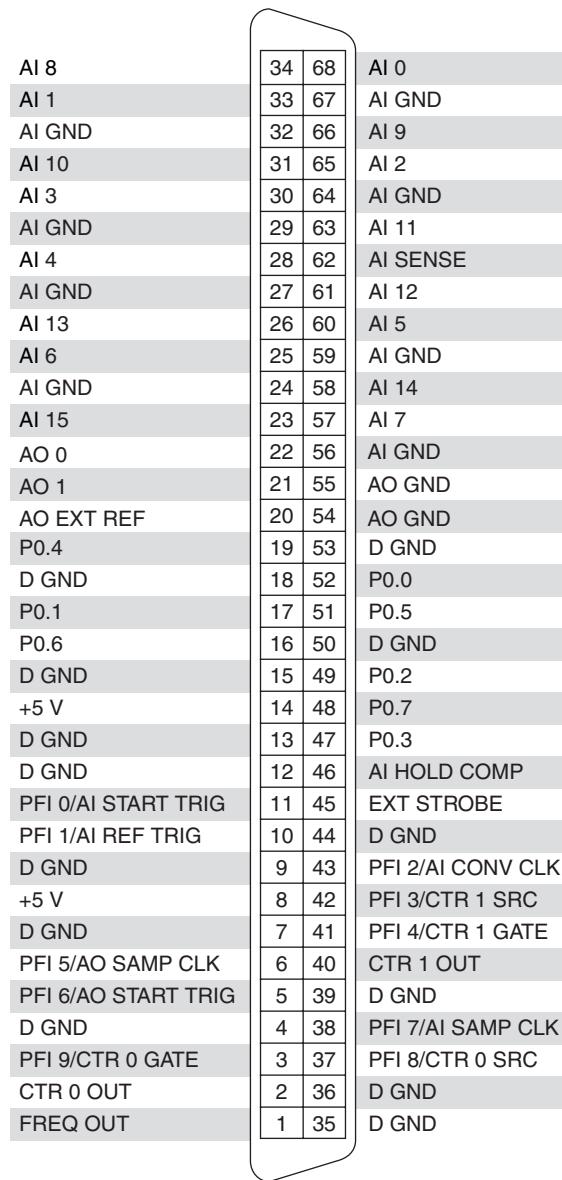


Figure 1. NI DAQCard-6062E Pinout

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